

Tham Pha Thai

National Park



The mountain range covers an area of 1,220.94 square kilometres in Mueang, Chae Hom, Mae Mo and Ngao districts of Lampang. It offers spectacular views of waterfalls and caves, including some archaeological evidence.

◆ **Mae Chae Fa Waterfall** has 9-level. It is located at Tat Moei Ranger Station, 8 kilometres from Thung Hang village, Thung Phueng sub-district, Chae Hom district of Lampang Province.

Geography

The park features rugged mountain range and is also the source of the Wang and Ngao rivers. Doi Mae Khwan is the highest peak at 1,253 metres above mean sea level.

Climate

Summer is March-May and the rainy season is from May-October. Winter is November-February.

Flora and Fauna

The park is comprised of a variety of forests, including mixed deciduous forest, deciduous dipterocarp forest and dry evergreen forest. Various plant species such as *Pterocarpus*, *Azalia*, *Lansea*, *Dalbergia* and *Haldina* exists within this area. A number of wildlife inhabit here such as Guar, Macaque, including types birds and lizards.

Attractions

◆ **Pha Thai Cave** originates from a limestone mountain. The cave is in the walking distance from the park headquarters. It goes underground more than 1 kilometre from its entrance, 400 metres of which can be accessible. A lot of stalactites and stalagmites are found in the cave.

◆ **Lom Phu Khiao** is a bright green water hole on the mountain which resembles a volcano chimney. It is located about 20 kilometres from the highway 1 Phahonyothin road.



Getting There

■ The national park is located at Km. 665 on Highway 1 (Lampang to Chiang Rai); or, alternatively, can take the Phrae-Ngao-Chiang Rai route and turn left to Lampang Province before reaching Ngao.